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System and method for aggregating and monitoring locally stored multimedia data

The invention relates to a system and a method for 5 aggregating and analyzing locally stored multimedia data, where a data store is used to store one or more logically combinable search terms, an arithmetic and logic unit uses a network to access network nodes connected to source databases, and data in the source databases are selected on the basis of the search terms. The invention relates particularly to a system and method for realtime analysis of such locally stored multimedia data.

The Internet or the world-wide backbone network is 15 today without doubt one of the most important sources for obtaining information in industry, science technology and is probably among the most important technical achievements of the outgoing 20th century. It is a fact that today the Internet can be used to access 20 gigantic volumes of data to an extent which was barely conceivable up until 10 years ago. Despite all the resultant advantages, however, it also gives rise to the difficulty of finding actually relevant data in this vast volume of data. Search engines such as the 25 known Internet search engines, for example with the known Altavista engine as a word-based search engine or for example the Yahoo engine as a topic-based search engine, provide the user with the first opportunity to use the large number of local data sources, since 30 without such aids there is a drastic reduction in the prospect of really finding as much of the relevant data as possible. It can be said that the Internet without search engines is like a motor vehicle without an This becomes apparent particularly in the 35 engine. statistical fact that the users of the Internet spend more online time on search engines than anywhere else. Despite all the progress in this area, the search

engine technology available in the prior art often does not provide the user with really satisfactory answers, however. As an example, it is assumed that a user wishes to find information about the car model Fiat Uno, for example, e.g. in relation to a liability suit design product liability for a flawed technical consequences. General search engines will typically return a large number of irrelevant links for the keyword "Uno" or "Fiat Uno" in this subject, since the search engines cannot identify the context (in this 10 case the legal context) in which the search term is found. It is often also of little use to offer a combination of search terms. One of the reasons for this is that the Internet search engines usually pursue the strategy of "Every document is relevant", which is 15 why they attempt to capture and index every accessible document. Their manner of operation is always based on this unedited selection of documents. Another drawback of the search engines in the prior art is that the hierarchy of documents found can easily be manipulated 20 by the provider (URL, title, frequency in the content, meta tags etc.), which gives a consumed picture of the documents found. The documents can be classified by the provider perhaps for a few single areas. However, volume of data enormous and the fact that the 25 quickly on the network can information (newsgroups, portals etc.) mean that a provider unable to classify all relevant documents for all the subjects which arise directly or to interpret them in terms of their content. The situation becomes even more 30 difficult if instead of specific subjects, general mood trends, opinion trends or mood fluctuations in the users of the network need to be captured. By way of example, it may be fundamental to the survival of a industry (for example tobacco, chemical company or 35 etc.) to detect the opportunities for a class action (USA) or a liability suit against it using published documents on the Internet in good time and to take

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appropriate precautions. Particularly for such examples, the traditional search engines cannot be used or can be used only in part. In particular, they do not allow effective realtime monitoring, which may be necessary in such a case.

It is important to understand that the term "search engine" in the prior art is usually used for various types of search engines. The available search engines coarsely divided four into categories: be robots/crawlers, metacrawlers, search catalogs with search options and catalogs or link compendiums. Figure 1 shows the way in which robots/crawlers work. Search robots or crawlers are distinguished by a process (i.e. the crawler) which moves through the network 70, in this case the Internet 701-704, from network node 73 to network node 73 or from website 73 to website 73 (arrow 71) and in so doing sends back the content of each web document it finds to its host computer 72. The host computer 72 indexes the web documents 722 sent by the crawler and stores information in a database 721. Each search query (request) by a user accesses the information in the database 721. The crawlers in the prior art normally consider any piece of information to be relevant, which is why all web documents, wherever found, are indexed computer 72. Examples of host robots/crawlers are $Google^{TM}$, $Altavista^{TM}$ and $Hotbot^{TM}$, inter alia. Figure 2 illustrates the "metacrawlers". Metacrawlers differ from the robots/crawlers in their ability to search using a single search device 82, the response additionally being produced by a large number of other systems 77 in the network 75. The metacrawler is therefore used as a frontend for a large number of further systems 77. The response to a search request from a metacrawler is typically limited by the number of its further systems 77. Examples of metacrawlers are MetacrawlerTM, LawCrawlerTM and LawRunnerTM, inter alia.

or without search options Catalogs with distinguished by a special selection of links which are constructed and/or organized manually and stored in an appropriate database. In the case of a catalog with search options, a search request prompts the system to search the manually stored information for the desired search terms. In the case of a catalog without search look for the user has to the desired options, information himself in the list of stored links, for 10 example by clicking or scrolling through the list manually. In the latter case, the user himself decides what information from the list appears relevant to him and what information appears less relevant to him. Catalogs are naturally limited by the volume of output 15 and the priorities of the editor(s). Examples of such Yahoo!TM and $FindLaw^{TM}$, inter catalogs are Catalogs come under the category of portals and/or and, to a certain extent, vortals. Portals FindLaw.comTM proprietary databases such as 20 WestLaw.com™, for example, attempt to solve the problem different ways. Portals attempt to obtain sites manually overview computer by of selected allowing editors to "surf" the Internet, i.e. to assess the content, and compile relevant data sources or 25 The editors are able to search, read evaluate approximately 10-25 sites on average per day, with usually only 1 or 2 sites from 25 containing documents with the desired quality or information. It becomes clear that portals are very inefficient for the 30 provider in terms of time, cost and work involvement if the aim of a portal is to be a comprehensive indexing mechanism for all available data relating to a subject on the Internet. For this reason, it is usually the case that Internet portals also just specify links to 35 the start/main pages of the various sites. Since the data provided on the Internet is subject to a wide dynamic range, it can even be said that this method

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will hardly ever permit all available data to be captured completely and in up-to-date fashion. Vertical portals, known as vortals, are understood generally to mean portals which limit their provision for such selection of information to a particular area. Vortals therefore intrinsically have the same drawbacks as the above. In contrast, discussed portals in the aforementioned drawbacks appear even more foreground in the case of vortals, since their subject limitation makes the demand on quality and accuracy of the indexing mechanism much higher. This makes the task of searching, reading and assessing a critical mass of information even more difficult and even more timeconsuming. An example of such a vortal is $FindLaw.com^{TM}$, inter alia, which has been provided and developed since 1995.

The search engines in the prior art usually comprise a crawler and an input option (frontend query) for a user. Typically, the search engines also comprise a database with stored links to various web documents or The crawler selects a link, downloads the document and stores it in a data store. It then selects the next link and likewise loads the document into the data store etc. etc. An indexing module reads one of the stored documents from the data store and analyzes its content (e.g. on a word basis). If the indexing module finds further links in the document, it stores them in the crawler's database, which means that the crawler can later likewise load the relevant documents into the data store. The way in which the content of the document is indexed is dependent on the respective search engine. The indexed information can be stored in a hash table or other suitable tool, for example, for later use. A user can now input a search request using the frontend and the search engine looks for appropriate indexed pages. The process is based on the "Everything is relevant" principle, which means that

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the crawler will fetch and store any web document which can be accessed in any way. Complex, content-oriented queries cannot be carried out using today's search their excluding relevant engines without either documents or also indicating a flood of documents which are irrelevant to the query. Particularly in the case of search queries where subjects are to be indexed on the basis of non-subject-related, indistinctly tangible parameters, the search engines hardly ever also give approximately satisfactory responses. mentioned, an example which may be cited in this regard is the eminently important problem for industry that opinion .trends generally mood trends, fluctuations in the users of the network need to be detected for a specific subject. This cannot be done on the basis of today's search engines. Similarly, the search engines in the prior art have to date not at all been able to be used to identify moods and mood fluctuations in the network users in relation to a subject in good time and to specify the appropriate documents.

US patent application US2003/0195872 discloses a system which can be used to link search terms to emotional rating terms and to perform a search on the Internet and/or an intranet on the basis of this association and emotional rating search terms However, the system does not allow targeted screening of databases. In particular, the system cannot be used to make any time-based statements. This prevents or precludes any objective assessment of trends or events which are to be expected. The system merely allows static listing of documents stored in the available databases. Hence, all relevant documents in this system actually need to be read and interpreted more or less completely after the listing, which precludes automation for the purpose of a dynamic warning system, for example.

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It is an object of this invention to propose a novel system and a method for aggregating and analyzing locally stored multimedia data which do not have the aforementioned drawbacks of the prior particular, the intention is to propose an automated, simple and rational system and method of query content-oriented queries. The complex, intended to allow, in particular, non-subject-related and/or indistinctly tangible parameters, such as moods or mood fluctuations in the network users, as filter parameters. Conversely, the inventive method and system allow moods and likewise intended to fluctuations in the network users for a subject to be identified in good time and the appropriate documents to be specified.

On the basis of the present invention, this aim is achieved particularly by the elements of the independent claims. Further advantageous embodiments can also be found in the dependent claims and in the description.

In particular, these aims are achieved by the invention by virtue of locally stored multimedia data being aggregated and monitored and/or analyzed by using a data store to store one or more logically combinable an arithmetic and logic unit using a search terms, network to access network nodes connected to source databases, and data in the source databases being 30 selected on the basis of the search terms, by virtue of a data store being used to store at least one rating parameter in association with a search term and/or a logic combination of search terms, by virtue of the data store being used to store at least one of the 35 source databases in association with a search term and/or with a logic combination of search terms, by virtue of a filter module in the arithmetic and logic

unit being used to access the source databases at the network nodes, and a rating list containing data records which have been found being produced for each rating parameter in conjunction with the associated search terms and the associated source databases and/or a time-based rating for the documents, and by virtue of a parameterization module being used to generate, at least to some extent dynamically, a variable mood quantity on the basis of the rating list for the respective rating parameter, which variable 10 quantity corresponds to time-based, positive and/or negative mood fluctuations in users of the network. To generate the variable mood quantities and/or the data in the content module, for example, the arithmetic and logic unit may comprise an HTML (Hyper Text Markup 15 Language) and/or HDML (Handheld Device Markup Language) (Wireless Markup Language) and/or VRML and/or WML (Virtual Reality Modeling Language) and/or ASP (Active Server Pages) module. This variant embodiment has, inter alia, the advantage that the system is based on a 20 totality of sources, specifically definable in advance, from a network, particularly from the Internet (e.g. websites, chat rooms, e-mail forums etc.), which are likewise scanned on the basis of search criteria definable in advance. The system therefore allows not 25 only the generation of a "hits list" of websites found on the Internet which have appropriate content, but rather the system allows the aforementioned screening of predefinable sources and their systematic and hence quantitatively relevant evaluation in line with the 30 and defined content criteria (e.g. desired medicaments are mentioned in connection with serious side-effects - and what the frequency of these is). This content screening can be performed in a periodic sequence (over time), with all the "hits" contents 35 found being able to be made available again and hence statistical statements being possible, particularly time. Naturally, the documents can also over

detected otherwise in relation to their time-based association, e.g. on the basis of the storage date. The system also recognizes when what content has been stored in said sources. The fact that this allows a quantitative evaluation means that the system is able to 'monitor' the defined sources automatically and to show accordingly when a 'threshold value' has been exceeded (quantitatively). The system allows search criteria to be defined such that it is possible to look for a (meaningful) logical relationship in the contents (not only the keyword counts, but rather a content relationship). The system therefore links the search criteria to a content, and a search is then carried out for these.

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In one variant embodiment, one or more of the rating parameters are generated using a lexicographical rating database. The same can be done for the search terms. This variant embodiment has, inter alia, the advantage that search and rating terms can be defined on a userand/or application-specific basis. specific variant embodiment, the lexicographical rating database and/or search term database can be supplemented and/or altered dynamically on the basis of searches/analyses which have already been performed. This allows the automatically matched be to system to and/or word formations, which was conditions possible in this manner in the prior art.

In another variant embodiment, one or more of the rating parameters are generated dynamically using the arithmetic and logic unit while the rating list is being produced. This variant embodiment has, inter alia, the same advantages as the preceding variant embodiments.

In another variant embodiment, the rating list containing the data records found and/or references to

the data records found is stored in a content module in the arithmetic and logic unit so as to be accessible to a user. This variant embodiment has, inter alia, the advantage that the system can be used as a warning system for the user, for example, which informs and/or warns him of imminent trends in the market or in the population (e.g. class actions etc.).

In one variant embodiment, the mood quantities are periodically checked using the arithmetic and logic unit, and if at least one of the mood quantities is situated outside of a definable fluctuation tolerance or determinable expected value then the relevant rating data records found containing the list references to data records which have been found is stored and/or updated in the content module in the arithmetic and logic unit so as to be accessible to a This variant embodiment has, inter alia, advantage that the databases can be scanned in targeted fashion for time-based alterations or events which are to be expected, e.g. using a definable probability threshold value, and in this way can warn the user in good time, for example (e.g. product faults, product liability etc.).

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In yet another variant embodiment, a user profile is created using user information, with a repackaging module being used, taking into account the data in the user profile, to produce data optimized for specific users on the basis of the data records found and/or references to data records which have been found which are stored in the content module, said data optimized for specific users being made available to the user in a form stored in the content module in the arithmetic and logic unit. As a variant embodiment, various user profiles for different communication apparatuses of the user can be stored in association with the user. In addition, data relating to the user behavior, for

example, can also be automatically captured by the arithmetic and logic unit and stored in association with the user profile. This variant embodiment has, inter alia, the advantage that different access options for the user can be taken into account for specific users and the system can thus be optimized for specific users.

In one variant embodiment, a history module is used to store the values for each calculated variable mood quantity up to a definable time in the past. This variant embodiment has, inter alia, the same advantages of time-based control and detection of alterations within the stored and accessible documents.

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In another variant embodiment, the arithmetic and logic unit uses an extrapolation module to calculate expected values for a determinable mood quantity on the basis of the data in the history module for a determinable time in the future and stores them in a data store in the arithmetic and logic unit. This variant embodiment has, inter alia, the advantage that events to be expected can be predicted automatically. This may be appropriate not only in the case of warning systems (e.g. against class actions for product liability etc.) but also quite generally in the case of systems in which statistical/time-based extrapolation is important, such as in the case of a risk management system on the stock exchange or financial markets etc.

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At this juncture, it should be stated that the present invention relates not only to the inventive method but also to a system for carrying out this method. In addition, it is not limited to said system and method, but likewise relates to a computer program product for implementing the inventive method.

Variant embodiments of the present invention are described below with reference to examples. The examples of the embodiments are illustrated by the following appended figures:

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in which figure 1 schematically shows the way robots/crawlers, search robots or crawlers work. crawler moves through the network 70, in this case the Internet 701-704, from network node 73 to network node 73 or from website 73 to website 73 (arrow 71) and in so doing returns the content of each web document it finds to its host computer 72. The host computer 72 · indexes the web documents 722 sent by the crawler and stores the information in a database 721. Each search query (request) by a user accesses the information in the database 721.

Figure 2 schematically illustrates the way in which metacrawlers work. Metacrawlers afford the opportunity to search using a single search device 82, the response additionally being produced by a large number of further systems 77 in the network 75. The metacrawler therefore serves as a frontend for a multiplicity of further systems 77. The response to a search request from a metacrawler is typically limited by the number of its further systems 77.

Figure 3 shows a block diagram which schematically shows a system and a method for aggregating and analyzing locally stored multimedia data. A data store 31 is used to store one or more logically combinable search terms 310, 311, 312, 313. An arithmetic and logic unit 10 uses a network 50 to access network nodes 40, 41, 42, 43 connected to source databases 401, 411, 421, 431 are selected on the basis of the search terms 310, 311, 312, 313.

Figure 4 shows an example of a possible result in the case of a medical and/or pharmaceutical monitoring system based on medicaments as a function of their hits list in the documents.

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Figure 5 likewise shows an example of a possible result in a medical and/or pharmaceutical monitoring system of this kind, for example for a medicament in connection with illnesses and/or causes of death which arise.

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Figure 6 uses the same variant embodiment as figures 4 and 5 to show the occurrence, detected over time, using the example of Serzone in the documents in the available and/or determined source databases 401, 411, 421, 431.

Figure 7 shows an exemplary listing of companies (in this case, by way of example, law firm pages etc.) as a function of a selection of rating and/or search terms 310, 311, 312, 313 (in this case, by way of example, industrial names) and their number of hits in the documents.

Figure 8 likewise shows an exemplary listing of companies (in this case, by way of example, law firm pages etc.) as a function of a selection of rating and/or search terms 310, 311, 312, 313 (in this case, by way of example, pharmaceutical products) and their number of hits in the documents.

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Figure 9 shows the timing for an event which may result in a class action against a company. The specification of the system in line with this sequence thus allows, by way of example, time-based monitoring and warning of the user about a possible and/or probable class action. Figure 10 shows the listing of company names as a function of rating terms, such as suit etc., and their number of hits in messages or e-mails in a forum.

5 Figure 11 shows the listing in the same variant embodiment as in figure 10, generally on the basis of company names.

Figure 12 shows the listing in the same variant 10 embodiment as in figures 10 and 11 on the basis of rating terms, such as pharmaceutical products.

Figure 13 shows a listing of the time-based fluctuation in the aggregation and/or analysis of the documents which is performed using the system.

schematically illustrates an architecture Figure 1 which can be used for implementing the invention. In this exemplary embodiment, locally stored multimedia data are aggregated and analyzed by storing one or more 20 logically combinable search terms 310, 311, 312, 313 in a data store 31. Multimedia data are to be understood, mean digital data such alia, to graphics, pictures, maps, animations, moving pictures, recordings, programs 25 video. Quicktime, sound (software), program-accompanying data and hyperlinks or references to multimedia data. These also include, by MPEGx (MPEG4 7) way of example, MPx(MP3) or standards, as defined by the Moving Picture Experts Group. In particular, the multimedia data may comprise 30 Text Markup Language), data in HTML(Hyper (Handheld Device Markup Language), WMD (Wireless Markup Language), VRML (Virtual Reality Modeling Language) or XML (Extensible Markup Language) format. An arithmetic and logic unit 10 uses a network 50 to access network 35 nodes 40, 41, 42, 43 connected to source databases 401, 411, 421, 431, and data in the source databases 401, 411, 421, 431 are selected on the basis of the search

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terms 310, 311, 312, 313. In line with the present logic arithmetic and unit 10 invention, the 42. 43 network nodes 40, 41, connected to the bidirectionally via a communication network. By way of example, the communication network 50 comprises a GSM or UMTS network, or a satellite-based mobile radio network, and/or one or more landline networks, example the public switched telephone network, worldwide Internet or a suitable LAN (Local Area Network) or WAN (Wide Area Network). In particular, it connections. and XDSL comprises ISDN multimedia data can, as illustrated, be stored different locations in different networks or locally so as to be accessible to the arithmetic and logic unit 10. The network nodes 40, 41, 42, 43 may comprise WWW Text Transfer Protocol/WAP: (HTTP: Hyper servers Wireless Application Protocol etc.), chat servers, e-mail servers (MIME), news servers, E-journal servers, group servers or any other file servers, such as FTP servers (FTP: File Transfer Protocol), ASD (Active Server Pages) based servers or SQL based servers (SQL: Structured Query Language) etc.

A data store 32 in the arithmetic and logic unit 10 is used to associate and store at least one rating 25 parameter 320, 321, 322 with a search term 310, 311, 313 and/or with a logic combination of search terms 310, 311, 312, 313. The search term 310, 311, 312, 313 and/or a logic combination of search terms 310, 311, 312, 313 comprises the actual search term. To 30 come back to the aforementioned example of the Fiat Uno, the search term 310, 311, 312, 313 and/or a logic combination of search terms 310, 311, 312, 313 would consequently be, by way of example, Fiat, Fiat Uno, Fiat AND/OR Uno FIAT etc. By contrast, the rating 35 parameters 320, 321, 322 comprise the rating subject, e.g. class action, court case etc. with appropriate rating attributes. The rating attributes may

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specific to a rating subject, e.g. damage, liability, insurance sum or may comprise quite general rating assessments such as "good", "poor", "fierce" etc., i.e. psychological or emotional attributes or words, for example, which permit an association of this kind. It is important to point out that the rating parameters 320, 321, 322 may also comprise restrictions regarding the network 50 and/or specific network nodes 40 - 43. As an example, this allows the aggregation and analysis of the multimedia data to be restricted to particular newsgroups and/or websites using appropriate rating 321, 322, for example. In 320, parameters exemplary embodiment, of the rating or more one parameters 320, 321, 322 can be generated using a lexicographical or other rating database. Similarly, it may be appropriate for the or a plurality of rating parameters 320, 321, 322 to be generated, at least to some extent dynamically, using the arithmetic and logic unit 10 while the rating list 330, 331, 332 is being produced. By way of example, dynamically can mean that the parameterization module 20 or the filter module 30 checks the multimedia data and/or the data in the rating list 330, 331, 332 in a form associatable on the basis of a rating parameter 320, 321, 322 during indexing and/or at a later time in the method and adds them to the rating parameters 320, 321, 322. In this case, it may be appropriate for the rating parameters 320, 321, 322 to be able to be edited by the user 12. For the dynamic reduction, it may be appropriate to have particularly analysis modules, for example, based on neural network algorithms.

The data store 32 can be used to store at least one of the source databases 401, 411, 421, 431 in association with a search term 310, 311, 312, 313 and/or with a logic combination of search terms 310, 311, 312, 313. The association may comprise not only explicit network addresses and/or references from databases, but also

groups of databases, such and/or categories e-mail forums etc. etc.). websites, chat rooms, automatically, associations can be made automatically, manually and/or on the basis of a user user-specific and/or other profile or 5 The arithmetic and logic application-specific data. unit 10 uses a filter module 30 to access the source databases 401, 411, 421, 431 at the network nodes 40, 41, 42, 43, and produces a rating list 330, 331, containing data records which have been found for each 10 rating parameter 320, 321, 322 in conjunction with the associated search terms 310, 311, 312, 313 source databases 401, 411, 421, 431. It is immediate to a person skilled in the art that the rating subject necessarily be handled with the 15 importance as the rating attributes during indexing. To produce the rating list 330, 331, 332 based on the data, it is possible to generate multimedia aggregate metadata, for example, based on the content of the multimedia data, using a metadata extraction 20 module in the arithmetic and logic unit 10. That is to say that the rating list 330, 331, 332 can therefore comprise metadata of this kind. The metadata or quite generally the data in the rating list 330, 331, 332 can be extracted using a content-based indexing technique, 25 for example, and can comprise keywords, synonyms, (e.g. including to multimedia data hyperlinks), picture and/or sound sequences etc. Such systems are known in the prior art in many different US patent Examples of these are variations. 30 specification US 5 414 644, which describes a threefile indexing technique, or US patent specification US 5 210 868, which additionally also stores synonyms as search keywords when the multimedia data are indexed In the present the metadata are extracted. 35 and exemplary embodiment, the metadata may alternatively be least to some extent dynamically (in produced, at realtime), on the basis of user data in a user profile.

This has the advantage, for example, that the metadata always have the levels of currency and accuracy which are useful to the user 12. From the user behavior on the communication apparatus 111, 112, 113 to the metadata extraction module, there is therefore a kind of feedback option which can influence the extraction directly. Alternatively, particularly when searching for particular data, it is possible to use "agents".

can be created ùsing user user profile 10 information, for example, and can be stored in the arithmetic and logic unit 10 in association with the user profile either remains stored 12. The permanently in association with a particular user 12 or created temporarily. The user's communication 15 apparatus 11/112/113 may be a PC (Personal Computer), TV, PDA (Personal Digital Assistant) or a mobile radio (e.g. particularly in combination with a broadcast receiver), for example. The user profile may comprise information about a user, such as location of the 20 user's communication unit 111/112/113 in the network, identity of the user, user-specific network properties, user-specific hardware properties, data relating to the user behavior etc. The user 12 can stipulate and/or modify at least portions of user data in the user 25 profile in advance of a search query. Naturally, the user 12 always retains the opportunity to look for and access multimedia data by means of direct access, that searching and compiling say without any assistance from the arithmetic and logic unit 10, 30 the network. The remaining data in the user profile can be automatically determined by the arithmetic and logic unit 10, by authorized third parties or likewise by the Thus, the arithmetic and logic unit 10 comprise, by way of example, automatic connection 35 recognition, user identification and/or automatic recording and evaluation of the user behavior (time of access, frequency of access etc.). These data relating

to the user behavior can then, in one variant embodiment, in turn be modifiable by the user in line with his requirements.

A parameterization module 20 is used to generate, at least to some extent dynamically, a variable mood quantity 21 for the respective rating parameter 320, 322, on the basis of the rating list 330, 331, 332. To generate the variable mood quantities 21 and/or the data in the content module 60, it is possible to 10 use HTML and/or HDML and/or WML and/or VRML and/or ASD, for example. The variable mood quantity 21 corresponds to positive and/or negative mood fluctuations in users of the network 50. The variable mood quantity 21 can also be specific to a rating subject. By way 15 example, the variable mood quantity 21 may show the probability of a class action against a particular company and/or a particular product or just a general usefulness classification for medicament, a example, from the users or from a specific subgroup, 20 other specialist and/or as doctors personnel. As an exemplary embodiment, the rating list 330, 331, 332 containing the data records found and/or references to data records found may be stored in a content module 60 in the arithmetic and logic unit 10 25 so as to be accessible to a user. To be able to access the content module 60, it may be appropriate (e.g. in order to charge for the service used) to identify a particular user 12 of the arithmetic and logic unit 10 using a user database. For identification purposes, it 30 is possible to use personal identification numbers and/or "smartcards", for example. Smartcards normally require a card reader on the communication apparatus 111/112/113. In both cases, the name or another identification for the user 12 and also the PIN 35 is transmitted to the arithmetic and logic unit 10 or to a trusted remote server. An identification module or authentication module decrypts (if required) and checks

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user database. As a variant the using embodiment, credit cards can likewise be used identifying the user 12. If the user 12 uses his credit card, he can likewise input his PIN. Typically, the magnetic strip on the credit card contains the account number and the encrypted PIN of the authorized holder, i.e. in this case the user 12. The decryption can take place directly in the card reader itself, as is usual in the prior art. Smartcards have the advantage that they allow a greater level of security against fraud the PIN. additional encryption of through encryption can either be performed by а dynamic numerical key containing the time, day or month, example, or by another algorithm. The decryption and appliance identification are not performed the in itself, but rather externally using the identification module. Another option is for a chip card to be inserted directly into the communication apparatus 111/112/113. The chip card may be SIM (Subscriber Identification Module) cards or smartcards, with the chip cards having a respective associated telephone number. The association can be made using an HLR (Home Location Register), for example, by virtue of the IMSI (International Mobile Subscriber Identification) being stored in the HLR in association with a telephone number, e.g. an MSISDN (Mobile Subscriber ISDN). This association then allows clear identification of the user 12.

To start a search query, a user 12, for example, uses a frontend to transmit a search request for the relevant query from the communication apparatus 111/112/113 to the arithmetic and logic unit via the network 50. The search request data can be input using input elements on the communication apparatus 111/112/113. The input elements may comprise keypads, graphical input means (mouse, trackball, eyetracker in the case of a virtual retinal display (VRD) etc.) or else IVR (Interactive

Voice Response) etc., for example. The user 12 has the option of determining at least a portion of the search request data himself. This can be done, by way of example, by virtue of the user being asked by the reception apparatus 111/112/113 to fill an appropriate frontend query using an interface. The frontend query may comprise, in particular, additional authentication and/or charges for the query. arithmetic and logic unit 10 checks the search request if they meet determinable criteria, data and, 10 search is executed. To obtain the best possible level of currency for the data or to achieve permanent monitoring of the network, the mood quantities 21 can be periodically checked using the arithmetic and logic unit 10, for example, and if at least one of the mood 15 situated outside of a definable 21 is quantities fluctuation tolerance or a determinable expected value then the relevant rating list 330, 331, 332 containing data records found and/or references to data records which have been found can be stored and/or 20 updated in the content module 60 in the arithmetic and logic unit 10 so as to be accessible to a user. For user-specific requests, it may be appropriate for a user profile to be created using user information, for example, with a repackaging module 61 being used, 25 taking into account the data in the user profile, to produce data optimized for specific users, for example records found basis of the data references to data records which have been found which are stored in the content module 60. The data optimized 30 for specific users can then be made available to the user 12, for example, in a form stored in the content module 60 in the arithmetic and logic unit 10. It may be advantageous for various user profiles to be stored different association 12 for with а user 35 in communication apparatuses 111, 112, 113 of this user 12. For the user profile, it is also possible for data captured user behavior to be to the relating

automatically by the arithmetic and logic unit 10, for example, and to be stored in association with the user profile.

It is important to point out that, 5 as a variant embodiment, a history module 22 can be used to store the values for each calculated variable mood quantity 21 up to a definable time in the past. This allows, by way of example, the arithmetic and logic unit 10 to use an extrapolation module 23 to calculate expected values 10 for a determinable mood quantity 21 on the basis of the data in the history module 22 for a determinable time in the future and to store them in a data store in the arithmetic and logic unit 10. The user 12 is therefore informed about current mood not only able to be 15 fluctuations or mood alterations, but can also access expected values for future behavior of the users in the network and can set himself accordingly.

Figures 4 to 8 show a variant embodiment for opinion 20 monitoring for pharmaceutical and/or medical products and for warning the company about imminent product liability cases and/or class actions or other court cases. The variant embodiment is intended to permit realtime monitoring of the public discussion for side-25 effects and/or ancillary actions of a medicament or pharmaceutical product, e.g. in the worldwide backbone the Internet. In one example, the variant embodiment has been used to monitor more than 2500 medicaments and pharmaceutical products in more than 30 10 000 public (public topic related) news channels on the Internet. This had not been possible to date in the prior art. In this example, the side-effects used were liver damage, kidney damage, cardiac damage, damage, medicament-induced depression with suicidal 35 consequences and also allergic reactions as terms and/or search combination terms in connection with the medicament and/or pharmaceutical product.

Figure 4 shows an example of one of the results of the medical and/or pharmaceutical monitoring system based on medicaments as a function of their hits list in the documents. Figure 5 likewise shows an example of one of the results or intermediate results in a system of a medicament in connection with illnesses and/or causes The reference number death which occur. corresponds to liver damage at 3.9% with 11 locations assessed as relevant by the system in this context in the documents. The reference number 1111 corresponds to 10 kidney damage at 1.1% with 3 locations assessed as relevant by the system in the documents. The reference number 1112 corresponds to cardiac damage at 16.1% with 46 locations assessed as relevant by the system in the documents. The reference number 1113 corresponds to 15 brain damage at 25.3% with 72 locations assessed as relevant by the system in the documents. The reference number 1114 corresponds to depression-related suicides at 53.7% with 153 locations assessed as relevant by the system in the documents. Figure 6 shows, in the same 20 embodiment figures 4 and as in variant occurrence detected over time using the example of the medicament Serzone in the documents in the available and/or determined source databases 401, 411, 421, 431. Evidence of the relevance was present in all 25 documents found. With the system, therefore, new data sources also be found dynamically, for example. particular, the system may be used as an early warning system for companies. Multilingual ratings analyses can likewise be performed using the system, 30 for example, inter alia by virtue of adaptations (e.g. manually/automated and/or dynamically by the system etc.) in the rating and/or search term databases etc. The monitoring can easily be extended to imminent and/or expected class actions and/or other 35 disputes, e.g. based on product liability, using the inventive system by monitoring law firm pages and/or public pages relating to legal problems, in particular,

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periodically or at staggered times. Figure 7 shows an exemplary listing of companies (e.g. in this case law firm pages etc.) as a function of a selection of rating and/or search terms 310, 311, 312, 313 (e.g. in this case industrial names) and their number of hits in the documents in this exemplary embodiment. Figure 8 likewise shows a listing of this type for companies (e.g. in this case law firm pages etc.) as a function of a selection of rating and/or search terms 310, 311, 312, 313 (e.g. in this case pharmaceutical products) and their number of hits in the documents.

Figures 9 to 13 show an exemplary embodiment of an early warning system for imminent class actions or other legal disputes against companies. To set up a 15 system of this kind, e.g. for monitoring one or more products from a company, in appropriate fashion it may be useful to understand the process in its fundamental steps. Figure 9 shows the timing for an event which can result in a class action against a company. 20 reference numbers 2008 and 2009 comprise 2 time stages in the sequence before a class action is submitted. In first discussion about side-effects of a a product arises in the public or in the particular forum. At this time, an early warning to the company in 25 question may be important. In 2009, the legal discussion starts in the forums juridical juridical websites etc.), which ultimately results in the class action being submitted. At this time, a juridical warning to the company may be important to 30 1200 is the early start about ancillary survival. actions and/or side-effects of a product, e.g. public e-mail forums and/or newsgroups. 1201 time at which a first discussion starts about legal aspects in the forums. In 1202, legal steps start to be 35 prepared. In 1203, initial demands, such as claims for damages, are sent to the company. In 1204, the class action is submitted against the company. In 1205, the

class action is either admitted by the court or is rejected for legal reasons. In 1206, the judgment by the court authorities is finally made in this case. During 1203, 1204, 1205 or 1206, the parties can at any time make an out-of-court agreement or settlement in this matter at 1207, which would end the discussion. A legal development of this kind can be achieved, by way of example, by monitoring juridical forums and law firm and websites therefore These forums websites etc. become predetermined source databases 401, 411, 421, 10 431. In this exemplary embodiment, the inventive system has monitored, by way of example, 15 000 websites from products from companies and 2500 attorneys, manufacturers of pharmaceutical products. This could done in this way in the prior art. 15 specification of the system is based on the sequence shown in figure 9 and thus allows, by way of example, monitoring over time and the user to be warned about a possible and/or probable class action. Figure 10 shows the listing of company names as a function of rating 20 terms such as suit etc. and/or products and their number of hits in messages or e-mails in a forum. Figure 11 shows listing in the same variant the embodiment as in figure 10 generally on the basis of company names. Figure 12 shows the listing in the same 25 variant embodiment as in figures 10 and 11 on the basis products. as pharmaceutical rating terms such Figure 13 shows a listing for the fluctuation over time in the documents' aggregation and/or analysis before using the system. The relevance or correlation of the 30 graph bars shown with the events has been able to be shown in all cases for the inventive system. In the prior art, it is not currently possible to find a comparable automated system for monitoring and/or early warning/recognition. 35